

Webinar Series 2022

Crisis to Resilience

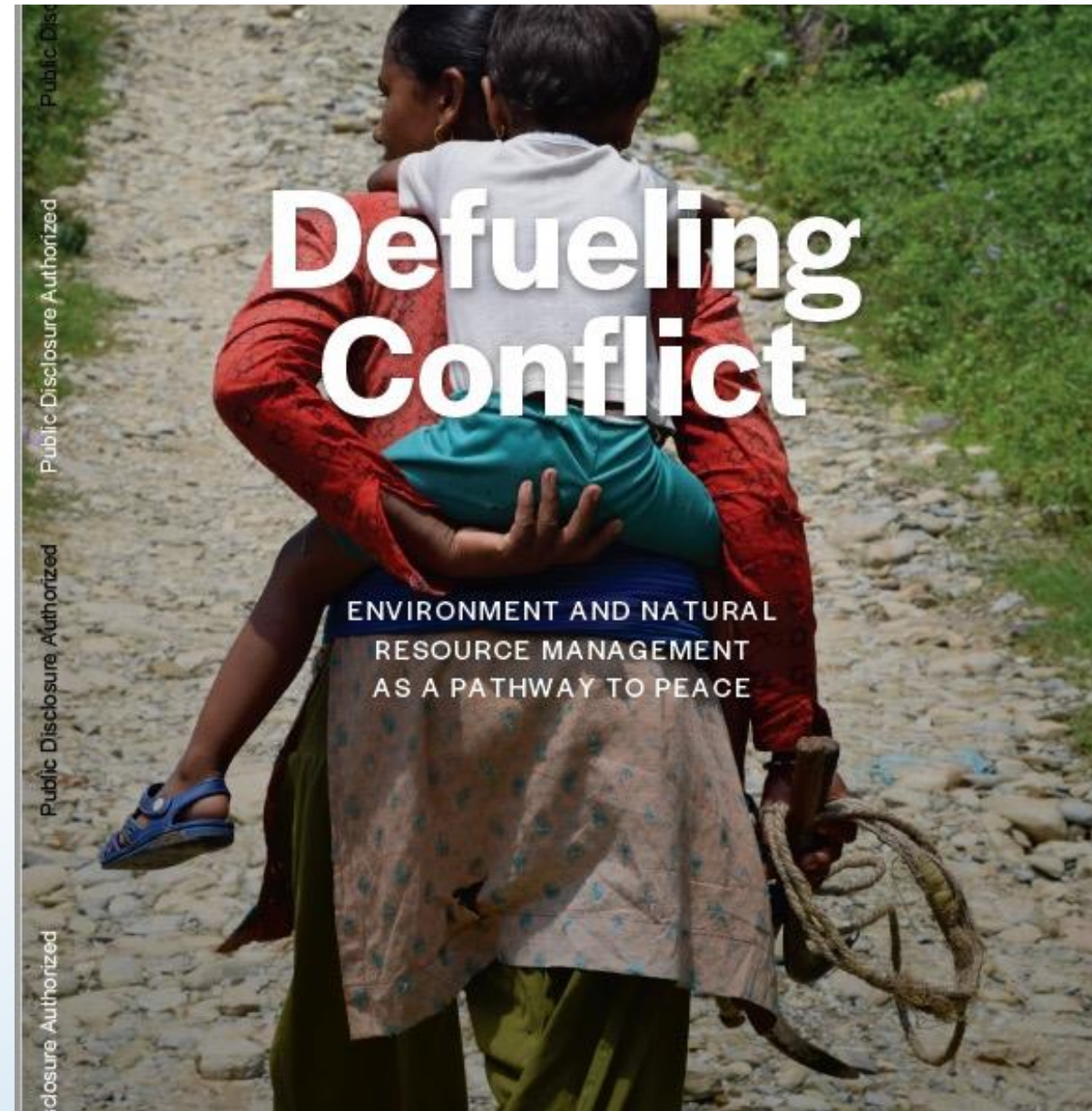


WORLD BANK
Environment, Natural Resources & Blue Economy

An Introduction to Inclusive Disaster Risk Management - Setting the Stage for a Discussion of Inclusive Early Warning Systems

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The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030

The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030 calls for “a more people-centered preventive approach to disaster risk” that is inclusive and engages with all relevant stakeholders

The Sendai Framework identifies the following groups as being particularly vulnerable and meriting special attention in the context of DRM: women, children and youth, the elderly, people with disabilities, migrants, ethnic minorities, and indigenous peoples.



General Assembly

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23 June 2015

Sixty-ninth session
Agenda item 19 (c)

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 3 June 2015

[without reference to a Main Committee (A/69/L.67)]

69/283. Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 67/209 of 21 December 2012, in which it decided to convene, in early 2015, the Third World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction, as well as its resolutions 68/211 of 20 December 2013 and 69/219 of 19 December 2014 and its decision 69/556 of 5 March 2015,

1. *Expresses its profound gratitude* to the Government and the people of Japan for hosting the Third United Nations World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction, from 14 to 18 March 2015, and for providing all the necessary support;

Evidence, Stocktaking, and Recommendations - Resources

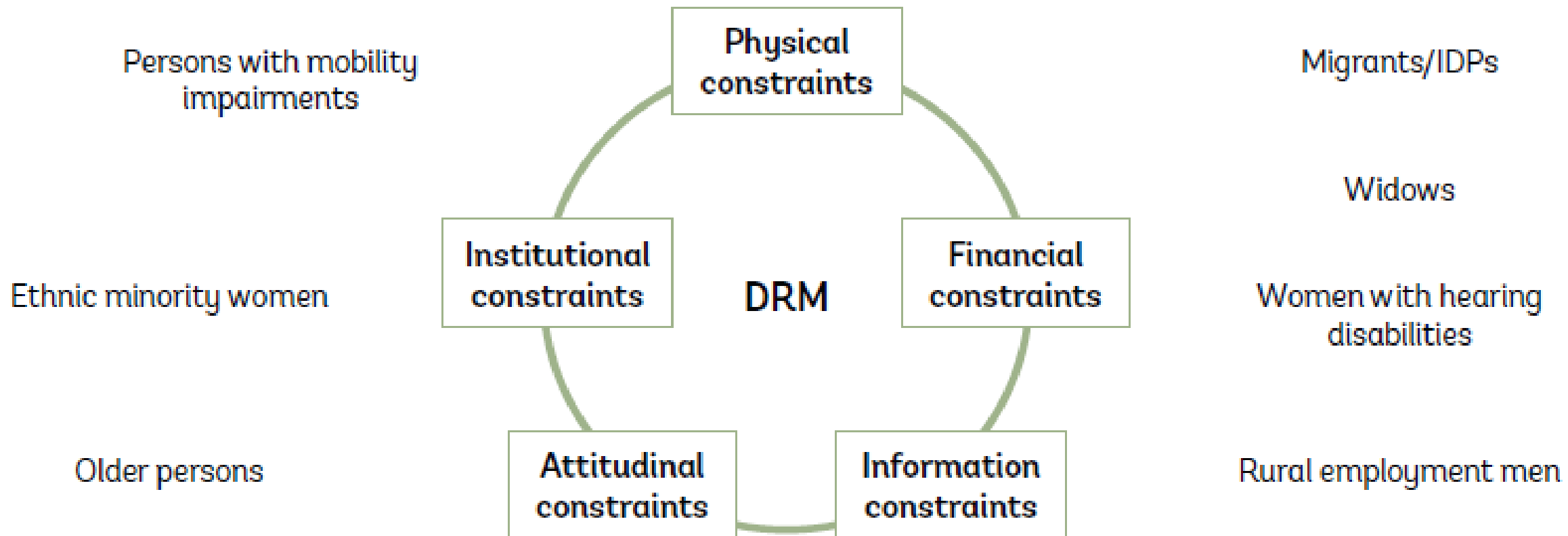


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Types of Constraints Associated with Potentially Excluded Persons



Types of constraints	Specific areas	Examples of constraints to inclusive disaster risk management
Physical constraints	Geography and location	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poorly accessible areas susceptible to hazard risks, such as riverbanks or slopes
	Public infrastructure and housing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building codes without basic accessibility standards Poor housing quality and Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) services Inaccessible shelters Gender-insensitive infrastructure facilities
Financial constraints	Incomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poverty and limited economic opportunities Financial dependence on household members
	Savings & protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Livelihood strategies that are vulnerable to disruption, such as seasonable and informal work Unsustainable coping mechanisms Lack of insurance and other financial services
Information constraints	Access to information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information sharing without accommodating hearing, visual, physical, intellectual, or language barriers Gate-keepers filter information
	Risk perception	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Capacity constraints; distrust Disempowering effects of discrimination (experience, beliefs, and expectations)

Types of constraints	Specific areas	Examples of constraints to inclusive disaster risk management
Attitudinal constraints	Social norms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stereotyping and stigmatizing narratives • Discrimination and exclusion (from subtle or severe forms such as physical harm) • Lack of self-esteem and self-efficacy • Household roles, social expectations
	Trust and social cohesion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weak social networks • Migration and disrupted social structures • Tensions along religious, cultural, and ethnic lines • Lack of CSOs and volunteers • Distrust in public institutions
Institutional constraints	Government documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unequal access to ID cards, disability certificates, or property titles
	Representation and decision making	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unequal access to local representatives and government officials • Exclusion from decision-making is underpinned by social norms
	Public services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low quality, inadequate or inaccessible health, education or social services

Priority Areas and Recommendations for Inclusive DRM 1/2

Risk-Informed Decision Making

- Inclusive processes in data collection and analysis, e.g. participation of marginalized groups
- Reform and improve social registries to track economically disadvantaged groups and associated government transfers

Reducing Risk in Disaster Risk Management Construction

- Integration of universal access and design considerations
- Improving the position of disadvantaged & marginalized groups in post-disaster reconstruction
- Community participation in design, construction and maintenance of physical investments

Financial Preparedness to Manage Disaster and Climate Shocks

- Use of Adaptive Social Protection (ASP) programs
- Recognize that new technologies for ASP management & service delivery can create new access barriers
- Outreach must target marginalized groups and inform them of relevant ASP programs

Priority Areas and Recommendations for Inclusive DRM 2/2

Strengthening Disaster Preparedness Systems

- Understanding how government officials may not be aware of how to serve socially excluded groups and addressing those capacity gaps
- Understanding marginalized groups' responses to disasters and encouraging behavioral changes when needed
- Maintaining a social registry of people with special needs (for example, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, older persons, families with small children) to prioritize assistance during and after an emergency
- Emphasize people with special needs in disaster preparedness training and drills
- Careful shelter design and planning, including adequate lighting and provisions for privacy for women (in order to create an environment that discourages gender-based incidents)
- Prioritizing restoration of essential public services for vulnerable groups
- Ensuring access to counseling (psychosocial support) for affected populations, especially for those groups who might shy from it otherwise

Disability, Social and Gender Inclusion in Disaster Risk Management -- Resources

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Guidance Note

Disability Inclusion in Disaster Risk Management Operations: An Exploration of Good Practices and Resources



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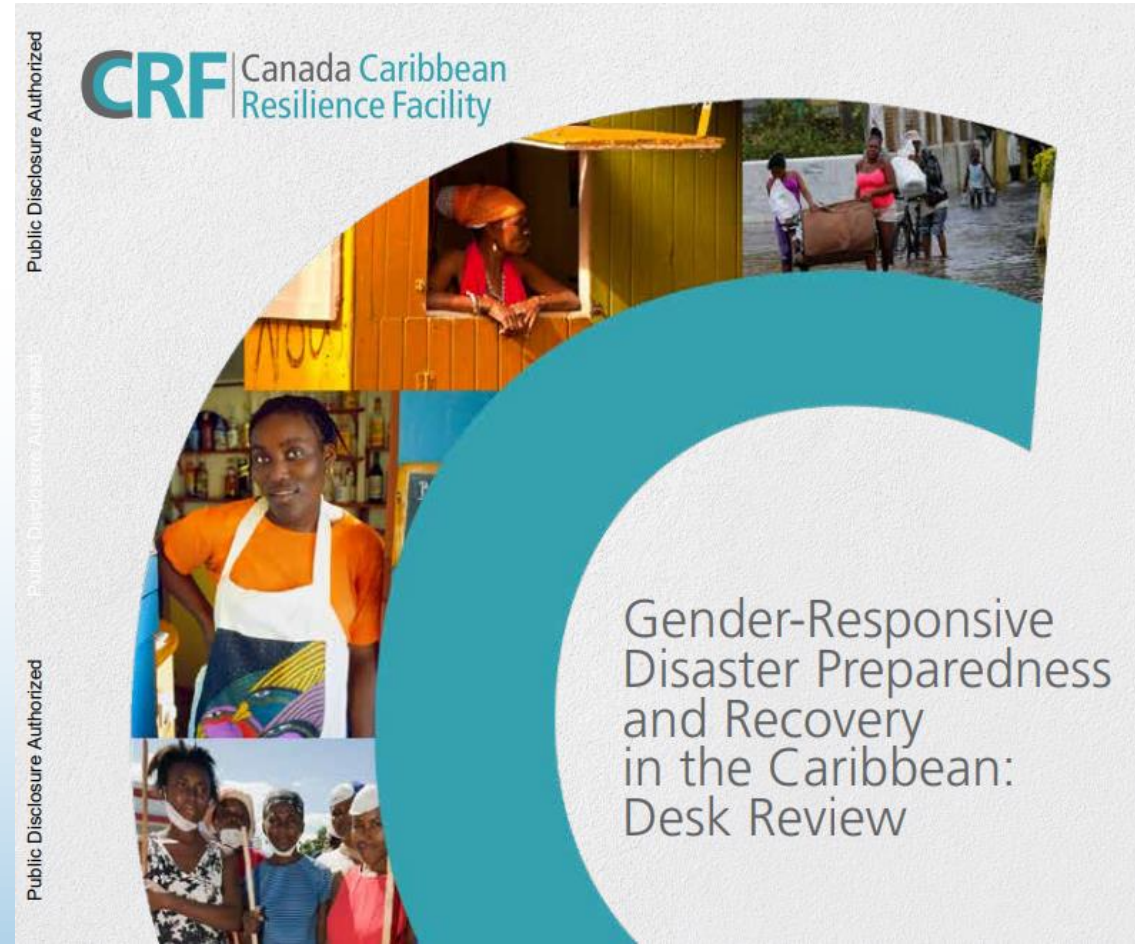
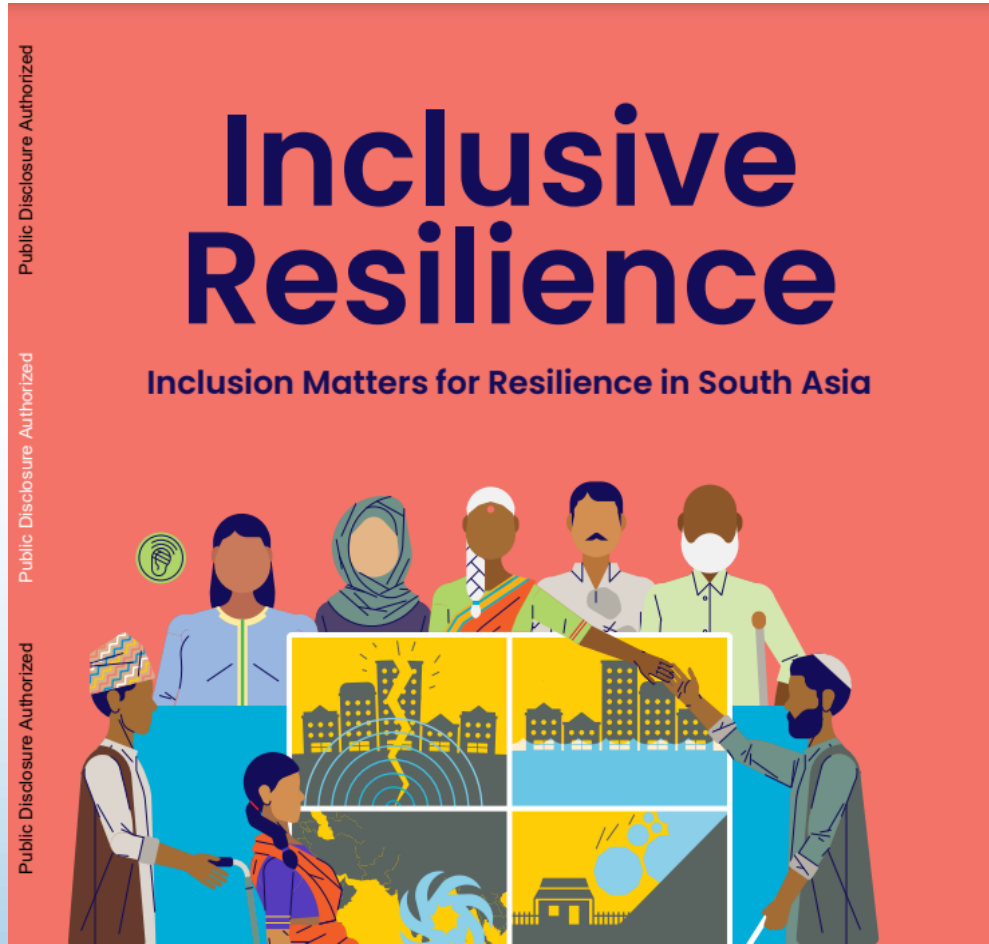
Entry Points for Social Inclusion and Gender in Disaster Risk Management and Climate Resilience Development Policy Operations



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Regionally-Specific Resources



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